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DATE MAILED: 11/18/2005

APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/815,111	03/31/2004		Larry Alan Lee	14114.0376U1	6581
23859	7590	11/18/2005		EXAMINER	
		NBERG, P.C.	ASSOUAD, PATRICK J		
SUITE 1000 999 PEACH		REET		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ATLANTA,	GA 303	309-3915	2857		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/815,111	LEE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Patrick J. Assouad	2857
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	OATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH. e, cause the application to become ABAN	TION.  y be timely filed  S from the mailing date of this communication.  DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	•	
1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 S     2a) □ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This     3) □ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under the second se	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters	•
Disposition of Claims		
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-90 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 49-90 is/are withdray</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1-10,12-16,19-27,30-35,36-43 and 4</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) 11,17,18,28,29 and 44 is/are objecte</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) 1-90 are subject to restriction and/or</li> </ul>	wn from consideration.  5-48 is/are rejected.  d to.	
Application Papers		
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 31 March 2004 is/are:  Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	a) accepted or b) object or b) object or awing(s) be held in abeyance ction is required if the drawing(s)	. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documen application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	its have been received. Its have been received in Appority documents have been re Bu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	lication No ceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/24/04.	Paper No(s)/N	nmary (PTO-413) //ail Date rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Election/Restrictions

Claims 49-90 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR
 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on 9/30/05.

## Claim Objections

2. Claim 29 is objected to because of the following informalities: there are two periods in the claim. Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1,3-10,12-16,19-22,24-27,30-35,37-43 and 45-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lovejoy et al. (US Patent 6,031,454).
- 5. Lovejoy et al. disclose:

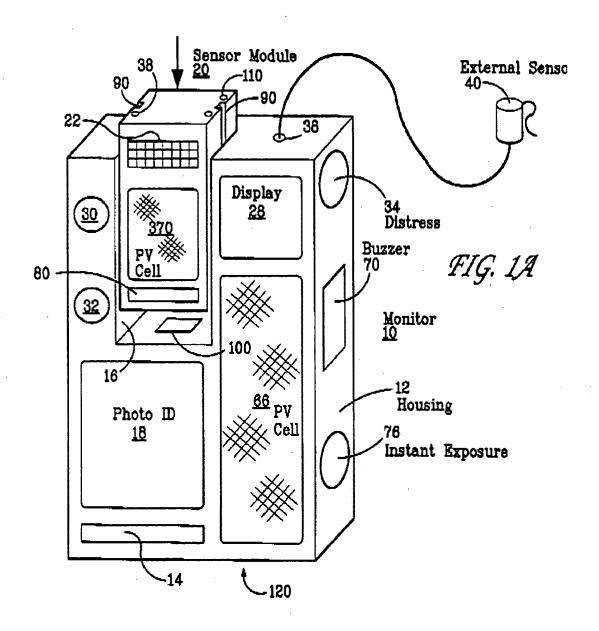
A person-specific monitor that provides sensor information regarding hazards to which the person is exposed and means to geolocate the person at the time of the exposure. The monitor also includes means to communicate with a remote base station. Information from the monitor can be downloaded at the base station for long term storage and analysis. The base station can also include

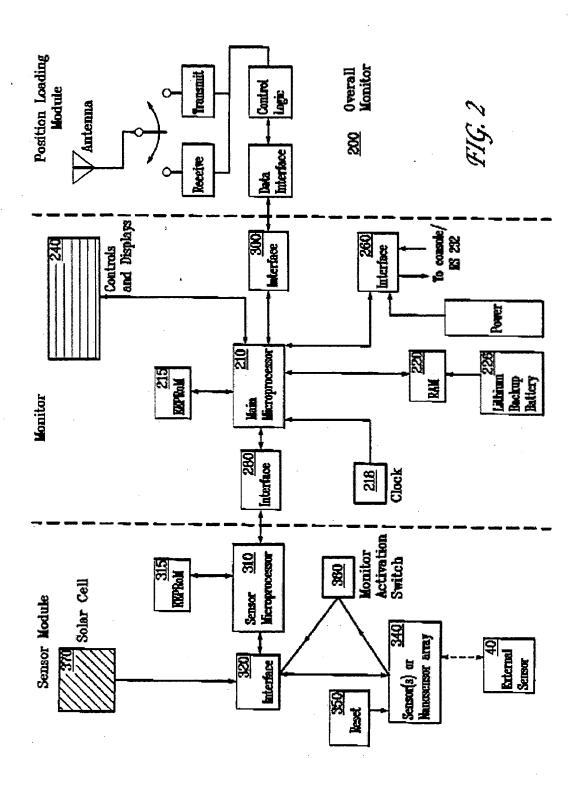
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means to recharge the monitor. (Abstract)

As per independent claims 1, 22 and 35, note that Figures 1A and 2 of Lovejoy et 6. al. are reproduced below, and that: the claimed means for and step of "collecting realtime condition data...from at least one sensor at a particular location" is performed by the at least one sensor of a radiological, chemical or other toxic agent or a plurality of individual detectors, each of which is specific to a particular hazard found in a particular environment of Lovejoy et al., each collecting data in real-time; the claimed means for and step of "collecting real-time position data indicative of the location of the sensor" is the real-time geolocating means of Lovejoy et al. which may be a GPS system; the claimed means for and step of repeating the steps of collecting...at one or more locations" is the continual collecting of realtime position and exposure/environmental sensor data; and finally, the claimed means for and step of "correlating the collected real-time collected data indicative of conditions at the one or more locations over time" is the correlation of real-time position data with exposure or environmental data of Lovejoy et al. which includes "monitoring the ambient environment in which the worker is located" and "produc[ing] a record of the location of the worker at the time that worker was exposed to [a hazardous] agent" (claim 14) or "to convey warning information...to other monitors worn by other persons in [the] vicinity of the person experiencing the harzardous level." (claim 17).

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7. As per dependent claims 3,15, 21, 24, 37, 48, "environmental" sensors or a "plurality of sensors" are discussed above and shown in at least the above reproduced Figures.

- 8. As per dependent claims 4,25 and 38, "exposure" has been addressed above.
- 9. As per dependent claims 5-9, 26, 39-42 which relate to "mapping sensor data..." and "determining...risks of hazardous conditions" and "activating an alarm", see at least the calculations regarding cumulative overexposure, the calculations involved in monitoring the ambient environment in which the worker is located, the calculations involved in the audible means to warn a person if a toxic agent or hazardous level is reached, etc.
- 10. As per dependent claims 10, 43, which relate to a variety of selected data, note that all sensors/warning indicators much be adjusted for sensitivity/threshold levels/range etc.
- 11. As per dependent claims 16, 27, GPS sensing is addressed above.
- 12. As per dependent claims 19-20, 30-31, "logging" and/or "transmitting", see at least the storage means/transmission means of either the worker's monitor or the central management system of Lovejoy et al.

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13. As per dependent claim 21,32-34, wherein the "sensor is portable" or "wearable", or the device includes a "rechargeable battery", see at least the above Figures of Lovejoy et al.

- 14. As per dependent claims 12, 45, all GPS devices must use some form of "geographical information system software" in order to operate.
- 15. As per dependent claims 13-14, 46, 47, depictions of sensor values over time or at various locations, summaries of data, etc., must be performed by the computer system at the remote central management system of Lovejoy et al. because data must be relayed to management in order for management to monitor the ambient environment in which a worker is located and/or to initiate an alarm, and to ultimately manage a worker's exposure to hazardous conditions over time.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 16. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 17. Claims 2,23 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lovejoy et al. (above) as applied to the parent claims as indicated above, and further in view of Appelt et al. (US 2004/0004547 A1).

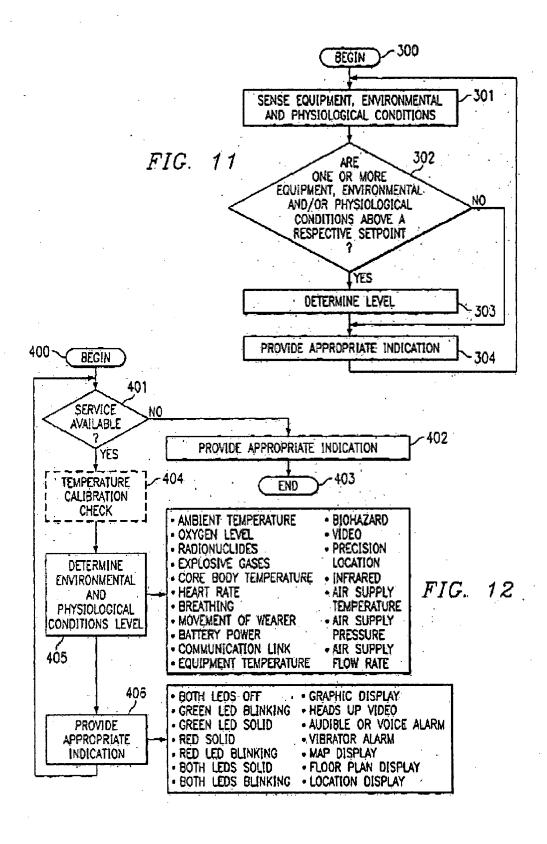
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18. Appelt et al. disclose:

A system and method are disclosed for identifying monitoring and evaluating hazardous or potentially hazardous conditions. The system may be worn by safety personnel to detect equipment conditions such as low power supply, environmental conditions such as ambient temperature and/or physiological conditions such as heart rate of a wearer. The system further includes a control unit having electronics operable to communicate signals associated with equipment, environmental and physiological conditions. (Abstract, with emphasis added)

19. As per dependent claims 2,23 and 36, see at least Figs. 11-12 of Appelt et al. (reproduced below) and the following reproduced passages:



The present invention allows design, development and manufacture of personal situation awareness devices which may be used to prevent injury and/or death of personnel working in hazardous or potentially hazardous conditions. Personal situation awareness devices incorporating teachings of the present invention may be used to identify, monitor and evaluate physiological conditions of a wearer. Such personal situation awareness devices may also monitor variable relationships between environmental conditions and physiological conditions of the wearer. Such personal situation awareness devices may be used to collect data, interpret data and communicate with other individual wearers and/or with one or more remote locations. Such devices may analyze data and initiate appropriate alerts and warnings. (para. 11)

Equipment sensors 21 may be used to monitor and measure data related to equipment temperature, air supply temperature and/or pressure, air flow rates, battery power levels, status of communication links and/or any other data required to monitor and evaluate satisfactory performance of any equipment associated with a person wearing system 10. Environmental sensors 22 may be used to detect, identify and measure a variety of environmental conditions such as ambient air temperature, explosive gas concentrations, biological agent concentrations, radioactivity levels associated with one or more radionuclides and/or any other hazardous or potentially hazardous environmental condition. For some applications equipment sensors 21 may be included as part of environmental sensors 22. Physiological sensors 23 may be used to monitor various physiological conditions such as respiration rate, blood oxygen level, core body temperature, heart rate and/or any other physiological condition required to identify, monitor and evaluate the physiological condition of a person wearing system 10. Equipment sensor 21 and/or physiological sensor 23 may also be used to measure movement or lack of movement by a wearer and/or equipment associated with the wearer. For some applications, a global positioning system or other location sensor (not expressly shown) may be coupled with microprocessor 12 and/or comparator circuit 24. (para. 48)

System 10 may record an exposure history for post-event analysis and for training personnel. For example, ambient air temperature in a fire fighting environment may be recorded at specified time intervals to give firefighters or other safety personnel an idea of temperature profiles during training or while working within a structure fire or other hazardous site. System 10 may include global positions system (GPS) devices or other equipment to determine location and "map" temperature gradients or other potentially hazardous conditions within a site. Recorded data may be placed in an on-board random access memory (not expressly shown) or other digital data recorder. Recorded data, including position information, may be used to improve supervision of firefighters and other safety personnel and to provide better training for such personnel. System 10 allows better standardization of policies, practices and procedures with respect to personnel working in hazardous or potentially hazardous conditions. (para. 52)

20. Therefore, it would have been to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Appelt et al. into the exposure monitor of Lovejoy et al. because such a combination provides the means to link or correlate current and past health conditions of a user to various current and past critical hazardous environmental conditions.

# Allowable Subject Matter

21. Claims 11, 17-18, 28-29, and 44 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

- 22. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See the attached PTO-892.
- 23. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patrick J. Assouad whose telephone number is 571-272-2210. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday, 6:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marc Hoff can be reached on 571-272-2216. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Patrick J Assouad Primary Examiner Art Unit 2857

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